POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Fundamentals of Econometrics [N1Log2>PE]

Course

Field of study Year/Semester

Logistics 3/6

Area of study (specialization) Profile of study

general academic

Level of study Course offered in

first-cycle Polish

Form of study Requirements

elective part-time

Number of hours

Lecture Laboratory classes Other 0

10

Tutorials Projects/seminars

10

Number of credit points

2.00

Coordinators Lecturers

dr Tomasz Brzęczek

tomasz.brzeczek@put.poznan.pl

Prerequisites

Student knows basics of statistics.

Course objective

To teach student knowledge about estimation of economic relations. To create skills of econometric modelling and learn how to use it in practice.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge:

- 1. Student knows terms of econometric linear model, linearisable model, goodness of fit, significancy and typical implementations of econometric models in logistics [P6S_WG_04]
- 2. Student knows terms of forecasting theory (forecast, error, feasibility and accuracy) and terms of econometric model, goodness of fit and significancy [P6S WG 04]
- 3. Student knows ordinary and general least squares methods (OLS and GLS) of data analysis [P6S WG 04]
- 4. Student knows time series components: sample average, moving average, random component [P6S WG 04]

- 5. Student knows methods of seasonal components and factors estimation [P6S WK 08]
- 6. Student knows forecasting rules and forecast verification, and typical implementations in logistics. Knows how calculate safety stock quantity to ensure given level of demand quantity satisfaction [P6S_WK_08]

Skills:

- 1. Student can estimate a model using OLS and GLS methods also with usage of Excel and GRETL [P6S_UW_02]
- 2. Student assess statistical significancy and the fitness of model to data [P6S UW 03]
- 3. Student estimates error of forecast ex ante and ex post [P6S UO 02]
- 4. Student can use econometric modeling and forecasting in logistics with appropriate statistical methods, taking into account new advances in economics and logistics [P6S UO 02; P6S UU 01]

Social competences:

- 1. Student is concious about forecasting role and meaning in logistics [P6S KO 01-02]
- 2. Student is ready to work in forecasting field projects and teams [P6S KR 02]

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture: Partial and final grades at lecture based on mid-semester test including closed questions answering and short tasks solving. Each final grade has pass threshold of 60% of all complementing points.

Tutorial: Partial grade at tutorial: 1. tasks of model fitness to data measuring, forecasting errors calculus and of data deflating in Excel and 2. analysing case of modeling and forecasting of time series including seasonal effects. Final grade (pass) results from sum of points from activities (1-2).

Programme content

Econometrics with its terms and basic methods of quantitative analyzis. Econometric model concept and usage. Regression and correlation.

Course topics

Lecture. Estimation and veryfication of econometric model, ordinary least squares method, determination coefficient, multiple regression. Forecasting theory. Terms, forecast, simulation, forecasting process, error, accuracy. Forecasting software. Functionality and examples. Analysis of time series and choice of an appropriate model. Trends. Calculus of safe stock quantity to ensure a given level of demand service. Tutorial: Analyzes and tasks with the use of theories and methods discussed in the lecture.

Teaching methods

Lecture: case study and theory review. Tutorial: case study, project task.

Bibliography

Basic:

- 1. Cieślak M. (red.), Prognozowanie gospodarcze. Metody i zastosowania, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2002.
- 2. Dittmann P., Prognozowanie w przedsiębiorstwie, PWE, Warszawa 2003.
- 3. Kufel T., Ekonometria. Rozwiązywanie problemów z wykorzystaniem programu GRETL, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2011.
- 4. Witkowska D., Podstawy ekonometrii i teorii prognozowania, Oficyna Ekonomiczna, Kraków 2006.

Additional:

- 1. Borkowski B., Dudek H., Szczesny W., Ekonometria. Wybrane zagadnienia, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2004.
- 2. Brzęczek T., Ocena efektów dywersyfikacji portfela produktowego w zakresie ryzyka sprzedaży całkowitej i trafności jej prognoz, Ekonometria I (55) 2017, s. 112-124.
- 3. Brzęczek T., Sales forecasting and newsboy model techniques integrated for merchandise planning

and business risk optimization [w:] Steglich M., Mueller Ch., Neumann G., Walter M. (eds.), Communications of ECMS 34(1), 2020, s. 111-115 (https://doi.org/10.7148/2020-0111).
4. Kufel T., Ekonometryczna analiza cykliczności procesów gospodarczych o wysokiej częstotliwości obserwowania, WN UMK w Toruniu, Toruń 2010.

Breakdown of average student's workload

| | Hours | ECTS |
|---|-------|------|
| Total workload | 50 | 2,00 |
| Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher | 20 | 1,00 |
| Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation) | 30 | 1,00 |